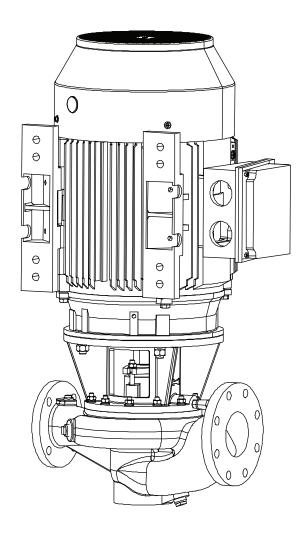


5020 SERIES

VERTICAL INLINE PUMPS

INSTALLATION, OPERATION & MAINTENANCE MANUAL





-AMERIFLO -

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-AMERIFLO -**OVERVIEW**

AMERIFLO has used the most current and advanced technology for research and design when engineering the pumps & system components of the product line. A concentrated focus on state-of-the-art quality control during the manufacturing process ensures safety and reliability as primary goals.

This manual is designed so that the end user becomes familiar with the characteristics and proper operation of the VI vertical inline product line.

This manual provides very important guidance for the installation, reliable operation and efficient maintenance when the need arises. The operating procedures must be strictly followed to ensure reliability of the product and to maximize the service life of the pump with a focus on avoiding injury and hazards.

Local laws & regulations are not taken into account in this manual as they can vary greatly from region to region. Operators must ensure total and strict compliance with local laws and regulations, including proper procedures required during the installation process.

Do not operate any equipment in excess of it's limits as specified in this operating manual, including transmission medium, flow, rated speed, density, pressure and temperature. The end user must ensure the operation of the pump & system is in accordance with this manual.

If you have any questions, please contact AMERIFLO with your serial number & nameplate information. AMERIFLO can assist you if damage has occurred to the equipment and/or if the need arrises for spare parts.

SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

This installation, operation & maintenance manual contains general installation, operation and maintenance instructions that must be followed. This manual must be read and understood in it's entirety by the responsible personnel/operators prior to installation and commissioning and the manual must be kept readily available at the job site for easy access.

To minimize risk of injury or death, the "safety" provisions of this entire manual MUST be followed. AMERIFLO shall not be liable for physical injury, damage or delays caused by a failure to observe the instructions for installation, operation & maintenance contained in this manual.

Paying constant attention to safety is always extremely important. This manual covers areas of danger that require additional attention. These areas of precaution are identified by using the following symbols:



DANGER - Immediate hazards which WILL result in severe personal injury or death.



WARNING - Hazards or unsafe practices which COULD result in severe personal injury or death.



CAUTION - Hazards or unsafe practices which COULD result in minor personal injury or property damage.



SHOCK HAZARD - ELECTRICAL Hazards are present which COULD result in severe personal injury or death.



ROTATING EQUIPMENT - Hazards are present which COULD result in severe personal injury or death.

Equipment maximum lifting speed of 15 FT/S [4.6 M/S] should not be exceeded.



In colder climates where liquid could freeze in the pump or engine, precautions must be made to make sure the fluid never freezes. Freezing fluid can damage equipment. Drain fluid from any piece of equipment in this environment.

Never start or run equipment without a proper prime. Significant damage to the equipment can occur.

Never operate any pump for an extended period of time with a closed discharge valve. The allowable amount of time a pump can operate in this condition depends on several variables at the job site. Contact AMERIFLO for proper engineering support.

Never operate any pump for an extended period of time below minimum flow. Temperature rise and extreme damage can occur.

Never operate any pump with a closed suction valve.



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If excessive noise is heard from any rotating piece of equipment, shut the equipment down immediately.

Always lockout power before doing any maintenance on the pump or driver.

Never operate the pump & driver without a proper coupling quard in place.



If any leaks of hazardous fluids are identified, shut the unit down immediately and address the issue.

PERSONNEL QUALIFICATION

All personnel involved in the installation, operation & maintenance must be fully qualified to manage, operate. maintain, inspect and install the pump assembly. The responsibilities, competence and supervision of all personnel involved in installation, operation and maintenance must be clearly defined by the end user. Lack of knowledge must be addressed by means of training and instruction provided by sufficiently trained personnel. Upon request, the end user can contact AMERIFLO to train the operators and end user. In addition, it is the responsibility of the operator to ensure that the operating instructions contained in this manual are fully understood by all parties involved with the equipment.

NON-COMPLIANCE

Non-compliance with the safety instructions contained in this manual can result in an accident causing damage to equipment, the site and to personal injury or death. The end user is solely responsible for correctly installing all equipment and a safely run operation after installation.

INSPECTION & INSTALLATION

The operator will ensure that maintenance, inspection and installation is performed by authorized, qualified personnel who are thoroughly familiar with this manual and the operation of this equipment. WORK MUST BE PERFORMED ON A PUMP OR DIESEL ENGINE ONLY AFTER THE PIECE IF EQUIPMENT HAS BEEN COMPLETELY LOCKED OUT OF OPERATION. When taking the pump unit out of service always adhere to the strict procedures described in the manual. Properly decontaminate pumps which handle fluids posing a health hazard. As soon as the work has been completed, re-install and re-activate any safety-relevant devices and protective devices. Before returning the product to service, review all instructions before restarting any equipment.

-AMERIFLO — UNAUTHORIZED MODIFICATION

Modifications or alterations to the pump unit are only permitted with the manufacturer's prior written consent. Use only original spare parts or parts authorized by AMERI-FLO. The use of other parts will invalidate any remaining warranty. Warranty relating to the pump and driver unit is only valid if the equipment is used in accordance with its intended use and only authentic AMERIFLO parts are used for maintenance and repair. Never operate the pump & driver outside of the limits stated in the pump data sheet and information contained in this manual.

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

The pump and driver must be examined upon arrival to ascertain any damage caused during shipment. If damaged, immediately notify the carrier and/or the sender. Confirm that the goods correspond exactly to the description on the shipping documents and report any differences as soon as possible to AMERIFLO . Always reference the pump type and serial number stamped on the data plate.

The pumping unit must be used only for applications for which AMERIFLO has specified:

- The construction materials
- The operating conditions (flow, pressure, temperature,
- The field of application

In case of doubt, contact AMERIFLO.

TRANSPORT & LIFTING

The pump and driver must be transported in the horizontal position.

Proper handling measures must be followed during transportation of equipment. Observe the following precautions.



CAUTION - Maximum lifting speed is 15 FT/S (4.6 M/S)

During all phases of transportation (truck, rail & ocean) all components must be handled and transported by using suitable slings and hoists. All handling should be carried out by specially trained personnel to avoid damage to the equipment and persons. The lifting rings attached to various components should be used exclusively to lift the components for which they have been supplied.

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CAUTION - All equipment shall be bolted to a suitable pallet or strapped down appropriately during transport. All loose parts should be crated accordingly.



CAUTION - The lugs on the pump and driver are only designed to lift that piece of equipment separately. When lifting the pump set attention needs to be placed on the tension direction. See below figure for proper lifting.

It is important to exercise extreme care in handling and installing all components. Certain items are precision machined for proper alignment and if dropped or mistreated in any way, misalignment and malfunction can result. The insulation on all wire must be protected. Parts which are too heavy to be lifted from the transporting vehicle should be skidded slowly and carefully to the ground to prevent damage. Never unload any item by dropping parts directly from the truck to the ground.

If job site conditions permit, you may be able to install directly from the truck that delivered the equipment. If not, move the components to the installation area and lay them out in a clean and protected space convenient to the work location.

If installation cannot begin within a few days after delivery, segregate and identify all components of the shipment so they will not be confused with other equipment arriving at the job site.

Read and follow the storage instructions carefully as care of the pump during this period before installation can be as important as maintenance after operation has begun.

Check all parts against the packing list to make sure nothing is missing. It is much better to find out now than during the installation. If damage occurred during transportation report it to the carrier immediately. Freight claims MUST be reported by the recipient. Report any item discrepancies immediately to AMERIFLO.

STORAGE

SHORT-TERM STORAGE

Normal shipment packaging is designed to protect the pump and driver during shipment and for dry, indoor storage for up to two months or less.

If the pump is not to be installed or operated soon after delivery, store the unit in a clean, dry place, having slow changes in environmental conditions. Steps should be taken to protect the pump against moisture, dirt and foreign particulate intrusion. The procedure followed for this short-term storage is summarized below:

Standard Protection for Shipment:

- a. Loose unmounted items, including, but not limited to. packing and coupling spacers are packaged in a water proof plastic bag and placed under the coupling guard. Larger items are boxed and metal banded to the base plate. All bags and cartons are identified with the AMERI-FLO sales order number, the customer purchase order number and the pump item number (if applicable).
- b. Inner surfaces of the bearing housing, shaft (area through bearing housing) and bearings are coated with Cortec VCI-329 rust inhibitor or equal.
- c. Re-greasable bearings are packed with grease.
- d. After a performance test, the pump is tipped on the suction flange for drainage (some residual water may remain in the casing). Then, internal surfaces of ferrous casings, covers, flange faces and the impeller surface are sprayed with Calgon Vestal Labs RP-743m or equal. Exposed shafts are taped with Polywrap.
- e. Flange faces are protected with plastic covers secured with plastic drive bolts. 3/16 in (7.8 mm) steel or 1/4 in (6.3 mm) wood covers with rubber gaskets, steel bolts and nuts are all available for extra cost.
- f. All assemblies are bolted to a wood skid which confines the assembly within the perimeter of the skid.
- g. Assemblies with special paint are protected with a plastic wrap.
- h. Bare pumps, when not mounted on base plates, are bolted to wood skids.
- i. All assemblies having external piping (seal flush and cooling water plans), etc. are packaged and braced to withstand normal handling during shipment. In some cases components may be disassembled for shipment. The pump must be stored in a covered, dry location.

It is recommended that the following procedure is taken:

- 1. Ensure that the bearings are packed with the recommended grease to prevent moisture from entering the bearing housings.
- 2. Remove all glands, packing and lantern rings from the stuffing box.



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- 3. Ensure that the suction and discharge flanges are covered and secured with cardboard, plastic or wood to prevent foreign objects from entering the pump.
- 4. If the pump is to be stored outdoors with no overhead covering, cover the unit with a tarp or other suitable covering.

LONG-TERM STORAGE

Long-term storage is defined as more than two months, but less than 12 months. The procedure AMERIFLO follows for long-term storage of pumps is given below. These procedures are in addition to the short-term procedure above.

Solid wood skids are utilized. Holes are drilled in the skid to accommodate the anchor bolt holes in the base plate or the casing and bearing housing feet holes on assemblies less base plate. Tackwrap sheeting is then placed on top of the skid and the pump assembly is placed on top of the Tackwrap. Metal bolts with washers and rubber bushings are inserted through the skid, the Tackwrap and the assembly from the bottom of the skid and are then secured with hex nuts. When the nuts are "snugged" down to the top of the base plate or casing and bearing housing feet, the rubber bushing is expanded, sealing the hole from the atmosphere. Desiccant bags are placed on the Tackwrap. The Tackwrap is drawn up around the assembly and hermetically (heat) sealed across the top. The assembly is completely sealed from the atmosphere and the desiccant will absorb any entrapped moisture. A solid wood box is then used to cover the assembly to provide protection from the elements and handling. This packaging will provide protection up to twelve months without damage to bearings, lip seals, etc. due to humidity, salt laden air, dust, etc. After unpacking, protection will be the responsibility of the user. If units are to be idle for extended periods, the addition of lubricants, inhibitor oils and greases should be used.

Every three months, the shaft should be rotated approximately 10-15 revolutions. When the unit is ready to be installed, replace all old lubricant with new lubricant.

PUMP IDENTIFICATION

MANUFACTURER

AMERIFLO 125 Morrison Road, Rossville TN 38066 United States of America

www.ameriflo-usa.com

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CONSTRUCTION FEATURES

The VI product line is a vertical, single stage, center-line discharge, vertical inline centrifugal pump. It is designed with a horizontal fluid inlet and a horizontal fluid outlet with cast integral feet under the casing. The suction and discharge nozzles are on the same vertical centerline. The impeller features hydraulic balancing holes to balance axial force. The pump features packing with a packing gland. Both suction and discharge flanges are flat face and rated for 125 pounds per square inch (PSI). The pump is standard clockwise rotation (as viewed from the driver end).

The casing features a radially split volute with renewable wear ring at the suction. The suction and discharge nozzles are integral to the casing. The impeller is of the single suction design with back pump out vanes designed to reduce axial forces. The rear cover features packing with packing gland.



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DATE OF MANUFACTURER

The date of manufacture is indicated on the Sales Order paperwork.

INSTALLATION, OPERATION & MAINTENANCE MANUAL IDENTIFICATION

PREPARED: MARCH 1, 2021 EDITION: 01 DATE: **REVISION:**

NAMEPLATE INFORMATION

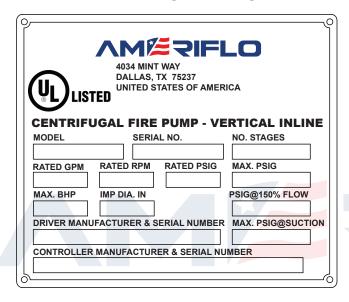


FIGURE 1 - PUMP NAMEPLATE

MODEL:

Model of the pump

SERIAL NUMBER:

Serial number of the pump issued by Production Control

NO. STAGES:

Number of stages

RATED GPM:

Rated flow rate of pump in Gallons Per Minute

RATED RPM:

Rated speed of the pump in Revolutions Per Minute

RATED PSIG.:

Rated discharge pressure of the pump in Pounds Per Square Inch Gauge

MAX. PSIG.:

Maximum discharge pressure of the pump in Pounds Per Square Inch Gauge

RATED BHP:

Rated Brake Horsepower at duty point

MAX. BHP:

Maximum Brake Horsepower

IMP DIA. IN:

Impeller diameter in inches

PSIG @ 150% FLOW:

Rated discharge pressure of the pump at the 150% flowrate

DRIVER MANUFACTURER & SERIAL NUMBER:

Driver manufacturer and serial number

MAX. PSIG@SUCTION:

Maximum pressure in Pounds Per Square Inch Gauge at suction flange

CONTROLLER MANUFACTURER & SERIAL NUMBER:

Controller manufacturer and serial number

WARRANTY

AMERIFLO offers new equipment manufactured by seller or service supplied by seller to be warranted to be free from defects in material and craftsmanship under normal use and service for a period of one year from date of shipment. Further details of the AMERIFLO warranty can be obtained from your AMERIFLO customer service representative.

Do not remove the pump warranty seal PRIOR to contacting AMERIFLO for warranty consideration. Removing the pump warranty seal without PRIOR AMERIFLO permission can invalidate a potential warranty claim.

INSTALLATION

FACTORY PRELIMINARY ALIGNMENT PROCEDURE

The design of the VI Vertical Inline product lines does not require parallel or angular misalignment checks as the pump uses precision machined registers during the assembly process. The casing is registered to the rear cover and the motor is registered to the pump.

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RECOMMENDED PROCEDURE FOR BASE PLATE INSTALLATION & FINAL FIELD ALIGNMENT

NEW GROUTED BASE PLATES

- 1. The pump foundation should be located as close to the source of the fluid to be pumped as practical. There should be adequate space for workers to install, operate and maintain the pump including room to remove the unit for maintenance at a future date. The foundation should be sufficient enough to absorb any vibration and should provide a rigid support for the pump and driver. The foundation's mass should be three (3) times that of the complete installed assembly (at a minimum). Recommended alignment of the baseplate is accomplished by adjusting the mounting hardware. After alignment, the baseplate is supported by metallic shims or wedges. These metallic shims or wedges are used to support the baseplate during the process of concrete pouring (grouting) of the anchor bolts. In order to avoid torsional twisting of the baseplate during the installation process, metallic shims or wedges should be placed as close to the anchor bolt locations as possible. The metallic shims or wedges are fixed permanently in location by pouring grout at a later step.
- 2. Special attention must be paid to the baseplate during the foundation installation making sure stress is not induced on the baseplate. Recommended mass of the concrete foundation should be three (3) times that of the complete installed assembly (at a minimum). Note that foundation bolts are imbedded in the concrete inside a sleeve to allow some movement of the bolt making installation easier.
- Level the pump baseplate assembly. If the baseplate has machined coplanar mounting surfaces, these machined surfaces are to be referenced when leveling the baseplate. This may require that the pump and motor be removed from the baseplate in order to reference the machined faces. If the baseplate is without machined coplanar mounting surfaces, the pump and motor are to be left on the baseplate. The proper surfaces to reference when leveling the pump baseplate assembly are the pump suction and discharge flanges. DO NOT stress the baseplate. DO NOT bolt the suction or discharge flanges of the pump to the system piping until the baseplate foundation is completely installed. Use shims and wedges to level the baseplate to the foundation. See FIGURE 2. Check for level in both the longitudinal and lateral directions. Shims or wedges should be placed at all baseplate anchor bolt locations and in the middle of the baseplate if the base

- is more than five feet [1.5 meters] long. Do not rely on the bottom of the baseplate to be flat. Standard base plate bottoms are not machined and it is not likely that the field foundation surface is flat either.
- 4. After leveling the baseplate, tighten the anchor bolts in a diagonal pattern evenly. If shims or wedges were used, make sure that the baseplate was shimmed near each anchor bolt before tightening. Failure to do this may result in a torsional twisting of the baseplate, which could make it impossible to obtain a final and correct field alignment. Check the level of the baseplate to make sure that tightening of the anchor bolts did not disturb the level of the baseplate in any manner. If the anchor bolts did change the level, adjust the jackscrews or shims as needed to level the base plate again. Continue adjusting the jackscrews or shims and tightening the anchor bolts until the base plate is level.

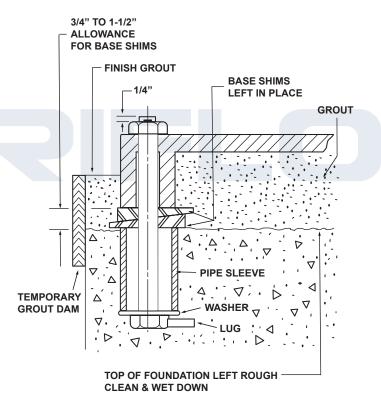


FIGURE 2 - BASEPLATE FOUNDATION

- GROUT THE BASEPLATE. A non-shrinking grout should be used. Grout compensates for uneven foundation, distributes weight of the unit and prevents the entire installation from shifting. Use only an approved, non-shrinking grout after setting and leveling the unit.
 - a. Build a strong form around the foundation to contain the grout.



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b. Soak the top of the concrete foundation thoroughly and remove all surface water.

- c. A raised motor pedestal should also be completely filled with grout during this process.
- d. After the grout has thoroughly hardened, check the foundation bolts and tighten if necessary.
- e. Approximately 14 days after the grout has been poured or when the grout has thoroughly cured, apply an oil base paint to the exposed edges of the grout to prevent air and moisture from coming in contact with the grout.

Make sure that the grout completely fills the area under the baseplate or in the case of an I-beam base, all compartments are completely filled to the top. After the grout has cured, check for voids and repair them.



CAUTION - Once the baseplate is grouted. the baseplate cannot be adjusted so it is extremely important that all alignment procedures be completed PRIOR to grouting.

6. Run the system piping to the suction and discharge flanges of the pump. There should be no piping loads transmitted to the pump after connection is made. Remember, pipe strain is invisible and alignment checks must be made after system connection to make sure none exist.

EXISTING GROUTED BASE PLATES

When a pump is being installed on an existing grouted baseplate, the procedure is somewhat different from the previous section "New Grouted Base Plates."

- 1. Mount the pump on the existing baseplate.
- 2. Level the pump by putting a level on the discharge flange. If not level, add or delete shims between the pump foot and the baseplate.
- 3. Run the piping to the suction and discharge flanges of the pump.

All piping must be independently supported, accurately aligned and preferably connected to the pump by a short length of flexible piping. The pump should not have to support the weight of the pipe or compensate for misalignment. It should be possible to install suction and discharge bolts through mating flanges without pulling or prying either of the flanges.

All piping must be tight. Pumps may air-bind if air is allowed to leak into the piping. If the pump flange(s) have tapped holes, select flange fasteners with thread engagement at least equal to the fastener diameter but that do not DATE DECEMBER 2021

bottom out in the tapped holes before the joint is tight.

PIPING - SUCTION & DISCHARGE

SUCTION PIPING

Suction and discharge piping should be installed per Hydraulic Institute and NFPA 20 standards. Do not use the pump as an anchorage point for the piping. A suction lift line should be laid with a continuous upward slope and a suction head line with a continuous downward slope towards to the pump. The suction line shall be as short as possible and connected to the pump properly without transmitting any stresses or stains from the system piping to the pump.

Tie bolts should be used with expansion joints to prevent pipe strain being transferred to the pump casing. Do not install expansion joints next to the pump or in any way that would cause a strain on the pump resulting from system pressure changes.

It is usually advisable to increase the size of both suction and discharge pipes at the pump connections to decrease the loss of head from friction. When reducing the piping to the suction opening diameter, use an eccentric reducer with the eccentric side down to avoid air pockets.

Piping should be supported independently of the pump so as to not transfer any strain to the pump casing. Piping runs should be as short as possible with the nominal diameter of the piping equal to or greater than the diameter of the pump suction. The additional loads on the nozzles are mainly the weight of piping filled with water. The fluctuation of medium temperature leads to the change of pipeline length. The stress caused by the unsupported auxiliary equipment shall not exceed the limit.

Before installing the pump in the piping, remove the flange covers on the suction and discharge nozzles of the pump. After all piping connections have been made, the alignment should be checked again.

DISCHARGE PIPING

If the discharge piping is short, the pipe diameter can be the same as the pump discharge opening. If the piping is long, pipe diameter should be one or two sizes larger than the pump discharge opening. On long horizontal runs, it is desirable to maintain as even a grade as possible.



WARNING - When fluid velocity in the pipe is high, for example, at or above 10 ft/s [3 m/s], a rapidly closing discharge valve can cause a damaging pressure wave. A dampening arrangement should be provided in the piping.

DATE DECEMBER 2021 PRESSURE GAUGES

Properly sized pressure gauges are installed on both the suction and discharge nozzles in supplied gauge taps. Stainless steel tubing (with integral pulsation damping) are supplied standard at both the suction and discharge locations. These gauges will allow the end user a proper differential pressure reading that the pump is generating. These gauges will enable the operator to easily observe the operation of the pump and also determine if the pump is operating in conformance with the performance curve. If cavitation, vapor binding or other unstable operation should occur, widely fluctuating discharge pressure readings will be noted.

ACCESSORIES

Dimensions and installation locations of accessories (control panel, main relief valves, fuel tank, battery, etc.) are specified in the equipment installation and piping layout drawings. More detailed installation instructions are provided in the operating instructions for each component. These accessories will ensure the normal operation of the pump and driver.

PUMP AND SHAFT ALIGNMENT

ELECTRIC MOTOR

The electric motor is register fitted to the motor bracket and no further alignment is required once bolted together..

PACKING

All fire protection equipment supplied by AMERIFLO are equipped with shaft packing. It is AMERIFLO standard practice to install the packing in the stuffing box prior to shipment. Bring the packing gland up squarely against the last packing ring and tighten the nuts evenly to finger pressure. Turn the shaft to ensure it does not bind on the bore of the gland assembly. After start-up break in the packing as described later in the PUMP START-UP section.



CAUTION - It is very important to inspect and ensure that the packing is installed correctly. Failure to do so could result in serious leakage of the pumped fluid.

Refer to Section "PACKING REPLACE-MENT" at the end of this manual for proper packing breakin and adjustment procedure.

COUPLING GUARDS

It is very important that all coupling guards (at the driver



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coupling and near the pump packing housing locations) be installed PRIOR to startup. Failure to do so can cause serious injury or death.



ROTATING EQUIPMENT - Severe injury and/or death can occur if all coupling guards are not properly installed PRIOR to pump startup.

A direction arrow is cast on the pump casing. Make sure the motor rotates in the correct direction before coupling the motor to the pump. Three phase wiring can be connected in an incorrect manner allowing the motor to operate in the incorrect direction.

It is absolutely essential that the rotation of the motor be checked before connecting the shaft coupling. Incorrect rotation of the pump, for even a short time period, can dislodge the impeller nut which may cause serious damage to the rotating assembly.

The coupling should be installed as advised by the coupling manufacturer. Pumps are shipped without the spacer installed to make sure proper rotation and the proper alignment procedures are followed. If the spacer has been installed to facilitate alignment, then it must be removed prior to checking rotation. Remove all protective material from the coupling and any exposed portions of the shaft before installing the coupling itself.

VENTILATION

Pumps with electric drivers MUST have adequate ventilation in the pump room. During operations, the pump & driver assembly will emit heat and a significant temperature rise will affect the efficiency of the unit. Therefore, it is necessary to take measures to ensure that the pumping unit remains cool. Cooler air should enter the room at a level near the floor and the warmer air should be ventilated out of the top of the room.

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-AMERIFLO -PUMP STARTUP

Refer to PRE-START UP and START-UP sheets at the end of this manual for proper start-up procedures.

ROTATION CHECK



WARNING - It is EXTREMELY important that the rotation of the motor is confirmed before installing the shaft coupling. Incorrect rotation, even for a short period, can cause catastrophic damage to the pumping

ES pumps can only operate clockwise (as viewed from the driver). Double check the rotation PRIOR to starting up the pump unit.

PRE START-UP CHECKS

In order to have a smooth start-up, the following list MUST be checked.

- The pump and driver are securely bolted to the foundation.
- The motor rotation has been confirmed.
- The system piping is connected correctly, is liquid tight and is not transmitting any pipe strain to the pump casing.
- The shaft assembly is free to rotate without any binding.
- The coupling guards are installed correctly.
- Confirm that no damage is present to any system device including the pump and driver.
- Confirm that all safety devices are installed correctly (casing relief valve, main relief valve, diesel engine cooling loop, etc.) according to their respective installation instructions.
- Pump and motor have been properly lubricated.
- System piping and pump are properly primed with no air present.
- Packing is installed correctly and the gland bolts are loose.

PRIMING

If the pump is installed with a positive head on the suction line, it can be primed by opening the suction valve and



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venting air through the air relief valve in the pump or system to allow the liquid to enter the casing. If the pump is installed with a suction lift, priming must be done by some other method such as by using foot valves, ejectors or by manually filling the casing and suction line.



WARNING - Failure to ensure that the pump is completely filled with liquid PRIOR to start-up can cause catastrophic damage to the pumping assembly and Diesel engine (if supplied).

ENSURING PROPER NPSHA

Net Positive Suction Head – Available (NPSHA) is the measure of the energy in a liquid above the vapor pressure. It is used to determine the likelihood that a fluid will vaporize within the pump. It is a critical number because a centrifugal pump is designed to pump a liquid, not a vapor. Vaporization within a pump will result in damage to the pump, deterioration of the Total Differential Head (TDH) and possible catastrophic damage to the pump.

Net Positive Suction Head – Required (NPSHR) is the decrease of fluid energy between the inlet of the pump and the point of lowest pressure in the pump. This decrease occurs because of friction losses and fluid accelerations near the inlet region of the pump suction as the fluid enters the impeller vanes. The value for NPSHR for the specific pump is given in the pump data sheet and on the pump performance curve.

For a pump to operate properly the NPSHA must be greater than the NPSHR. Good design practice dictates that this margin should be at least 5 ft (1.5 m) or 20% more than NPSHR, whichever is greater. By using this guideline, it will reduce the likelihood of cavitation which can severely damage the pump and cause possible catastrophic damage.



WARNING - It is important to make sure that the NPSHA is larger than the NPSHR by the suggested margin above. Incorporating this into the system design will enhance pump performance & reliability.

STARTING THE PUMP & ADJUSTING FLOW

1. When starting the pump it is very important to make sure the suction valve is completely open. Any throttling of the pump to control flowrate should always be done with the valve located in the discharge piping.

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DANGER - Never operate the pump with the suction and discharge valves in the closed position. This could cause the fluid within the pump to vaporize and cause an explosion which could cause personal injury and/or death.

- 2. The pump must be fully primed for correct operation. while keeping the discharge valve closed. Open the suction valve to allow the pump to be primed. The casing air release valve should help evacuate any air from the pump and system.
- 3. Start the driver.
- 4. Slowly open the discharge valve until the correct flowrate is achieved. Be sure that the unit does not operate a lower than specified flows for extended periods as this could cause damage to the pump and/or other system equipment.



DANGER - Never allow the pump to operate for an extended period of time at shut-off. This could cause the fluid within the pump to vaporize and cause an explosion which could cause personal injury and/ or death.

- Monitor the pump performance, motor performance and any other overall performance measures to make sure the unit is operating as it should be.
- 6. Allow the pump to operate for some time and then proceed to adjust the packing leakage in the following section below.

The pump and driver assembly should be shut down immediately if any of the following situations exist.

- No liquid is delivered.
- A significantly lower amount of fluid is being delivered.
- A significantly lower discharge pressure is being delivered.
- Loss of liquid after the pump starts up.
- Excessive vibration from the pump and/or driver.
- Electric motor is running hot or overheating.

ADJUSTING THE PACKING

The purpose of a stuffing box is to limit leakage of the pump fluid and to prevent air from entering the suction area along the pump shaft. Pumps are equipped with

packing. Normally, the pumped liquid is used to lubricate the stuffing box. If the liquid is dirty, gritty or contains material that would gum or jam up the packing, an external fluid must be used. For pumps equipped with packing, there must always be a slight leakage from the gland. The amount of leakage is hard to define, but a steady dripping of liquid through the gland is a must. Stuffing box glands should be adjusted after the pump is started. When leakage is excessive, tighten the gland bolts evenly a little at a time. Allow 10 minutes for the packing to adjust to it's new position. Never tighten the gland to completely eliminate all leakage as this will cause overheating and undue wear on the shaft sleeve.



WARNING - Failure to allow for an initially higher amount of fluid to leak through the packing and then gradually adjusted over the first hour of operation can damage the packing and score the shaft sleeve.

OPERATION IN SUB-FREEZING CONDITIONS

If the unit will operate in sub-freezing temperatures, measures must be taken to ensure that no fluid is allowed to freeze within the pump, system piping and/or diesel engine. Frozen fluid can cause catastrophic damage to the pump and system. A heater or other means for keeping the equipment warm must be placed in the filed for proper pump operation.

SHUTDOWN CONSIDERATIONS

When the pump is ready to be shutdown, follow the startup procedures in reverse. Slowly shut the discharge valve (if desired), shutdown the driver and then close the suction valve (if desired).

TROUBLESHOOTING

The following is a guide to troubleshooting problems with AMERIFLO Pumps & Engines. Common problems are analyzed and solutions are offered. Obviously, it is impossible to cover every possible scenario. If a problem exists that is not covered by one of these examples, then contact a local AMERIFLO Engineer or Distributor/Representative for assistance. Refer to the appropriate AMERIFLO diesel engine Installation, Operation & Maintenance manual for specific engine service and troubleshooting instructions.



EXCESSIVELY LOW DISCHARGE PRESSURE	EXCESSIVELY HIGH DISCHARGE PRESSURE	FLOW RATE TOO HIGH	FLOW RATE TOO LOW	MOTOR HIGH AMPERAGE	NO LIQUID AFTER PUMP START-UP	LIQUID PRESENT IN SYSTEM	NOISY OPERATION & EXCESSIVE VIBRATION	H PUMP TEMPERATURE	HIGH PUMP BEARING TEMPERATURE	EXCESSIVE PACKING LEAKAGE	PUMP LEAKAGE (NOT AT PACKING GLAND)	TROUBLESHOOTING			
EX	EX	FLC	FLO	MO	9	0 N	ON N	HIGH	H	EX	PU	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY		
٥	٥	٥	٥	٥	٥		٥	٥				PUMP DUTY POINT NOT COMPATIBLE WITH SYSTEM HEAD CURVE	RE-EVALUATE THE PUMP DUTY AND MAKE A NEW HYDRAULIC SELECTION		
							٥					PUMP AND/OR SYSTEM PIPING ARE NOT PRIMED AND VENTED	VENT AND/OR PRIME THE PUMP AND SYSTEM PIPING		
٥			0		0	0	0	0				SUCTION PIPING PLUGGED OR IMPELLER OBSTRUCTION	INSPECT/CLEAN IMPELLER INSPECT THE SUCTION PIPING REMOVE OBSTRUCTIONS IN THE IMPELLER OR SYSTEM PIPING REMOVE DEBRIS FROM ANY STRAINERS IN THE SYSTEM		
						٥	٥	0	7			CAVITATION SOUND IN PIPING	ADJUST THE SYSTEM PIPING WITH A FOCUS ON NPSHA & NPSHR ALTER THE SYSTEM PIPING TO IMPROVE NPSHA		
0			0		0	0	0					INADEQUATE NPSHA	CHECK PUMP OPERATION IMPROVE SUCTION PIPING IMPROVE NPSHA THROTTLE THE PUMP INSTALL THE PUMP AT A LOWER POINT IN THE SYSTEM MODIFY THE SUCTION PIPING BY CHANGING SIZE AND LENGTH		
٥			٥	٥			٥					INCORRECT ROTATION	CHECK MOTOR WIRING CONFIRM CONTROL PANEL WIRING CONFIRM IMPELLER INSTALLED CORRECTLY		
٥			٥				٥					SPEED IS TOO LOW	INCREASE THE SPEED INSPECT SYSTEM CONTROLS INSTALL A LARGER IMPELLER		
٥			•	0	•	0						WORN INTERNAL COMPONENTS	CONFIRM DUTY POINT REQUIREMENTS THROTTLE THE PUMP INSPECT PUMP FLUID FOR ABRASIVES OR CHEMICAL ATTACK REPLACE WORN COMPONENTS		
				٥								NEEDED DISCHARGE PRESSURE IS LOWER THAN ORDERED	READJUST THE DUTY POINT THROTTLE THE PUMP		
				٥								HIGHER VISCOSITY OF PUMPED FLUID	REDUCE THE SPEED INSPECT THE PUMP & MOTOR		

SPEED IS TOO HIGH



0

0 • • REDUCE THE SPEED

INSPECT THE PUMP & MOTOR

0

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XCESSIVELY LOW DISCHARGE PRESSURE XCESSIVELY HIGH DISCHARGE PRESSURE LOW RATE TOO HIGH LOW RATE TOO LOW
O LIQUID AFTER PUMP START-UP O LIQUID PRESENT IN SYSTEM
OISY OPERATION & EXCESSIVE VIBRATION IGH PUMP TEMPERATURE
IGH PUMP BEARING TEMPERATURE XCESSIVE PACKING LEAKAGE
UMP LEAKAGE (NOT AT PACKING GLAND)

TROUBLESHOOTING

EXCESSI	EXCESSI	FLOW RA	FLOW RA	MOTOR	NO LIQUI	NO LIQU	NOISY O	H PU	HIGH PUI	EXCESSI	AP LE		
EXC	EXC	FF	FLO	MO.	9	9	ÖN	HIGH	HIG	EXC	PUMP	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
											٥	CAPSCREWS/STUDS ARE LOOSE OR DEFECTIVE	INSPECT CAPSCREWS/STUDS RE-TIGHTEN THE FASTENER REPLACE THE HARDWARE INSPECT THE PIPING AND MAKE SURE ALL HARDWARE IS TIGHT
										•		WORN PACKING	INSPECT FLUSHING SYSTEM & FLUSHING SYSTEM PRESSURE CLEAN THE STUFFING BOX AND FLUSH LINES INSTALL NEW PACKING REPLACE WARN COMPONENTS
٥			0				٥		0			INSUFFICIENT FLUID AT SUCTION	CORRECT SYSTEM PIPING INSPECT SYSTEM PIPING FOR WEAR AND/OR DAMAGE
								٥		0		PACKING GLAND INSTALLED INCORRECTLY	CHANGE PART REPLACE PART CORRECT INSTALLATION REPLACE PACKING REPLACE WORN COMPONENTS
								٥		٥		COOLING FLUID INADEQUATE	CHECK FLUSHING SYSTEM CLEAN FLUSHING SYSTEM OR INCREASE PRESSURE OF LIQUID INCREASE AMOUNT OF LIQUID LOOSEN GLAND ASSEMBLY
									٥			HIGH AXIAL THRUST	CONFIRM THE DUTY POINT CHECK THE SYSTEM CHECK THE SUCTION FLOW RATE
									•			EXCESSIVE LUBRICATION	CLEAN THE BEARINGS RE-LUBRICATE CHANGE TYPE OF GREASE
٥		•	٥									MOTOR RUNNING ON ONLY TWO- PHASES	CHECK FUSES INSPECT ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS INSPECT CONTROL PANEL
							•		•	•		ROTOR IMBALANCE	CLEAN THE IMPELLER CHECK ROTOR BALANCE RE-BALANCE THE IMPELLER

	EXCESSIVELY LOW DISCHARGE PRESSURE
	EXCESSIVELY HIGH DISCHARGE PRESSURE
	FLOW RATE TOO HIGH
	FLOW RATE TOO LOW
	MOTOR HIGH AMPERAGE
	NO LIQUID AFTER PUMP START-UP
	NO LIQUID PRESENT IN SYSTEM
0	NOISY OPERATION & EXCESSIVE VIBRATION
٥	HIGH PUMP TEMPERATURE
	HIGH PUMP BEARING TEMPERATURE
	EXCESSIVE PACKING LEAKAGE
	PUMP LEAKAGE (NOT AT PACKING GLAND)

TROUBLESHOOTING

ES	ES	<u> </u>	>	<u>6</u>	g	g	S≺	H H	H H	ES	₽		
EXCES	EXCES	FLOW	FLOW	MOTOR	NO LIQ	NO LIQ	NOISY	HIGH	HIGH P	EXCES	PUMP	POSSIBLE CAUSE	REMEDY
							0	0				FLOW RATE IS TOO LOW	RE-ADJUST THE DUTY POINT OPEN THE SUCTION VALVE COMPLETELY OPEN THE DISCHARGE VALVE COMPLETELY RE-CALCULATE SYSTEM FRICTION LOSSES
•			•									STAR-DELTA MOTOR STUCK IN DELTA MODE	CHECK THE ELECTRICAL CABLE CONNECTIONS CHECK THE CONTROL PANEL
٥			٥				٥					ENTRAPPED AIR IN THE FLUID	VENT THE SYSTEM INSPECT THE PACKING AREA
•			0		0	0	0		7			AIR ENTERING SYSTEM THROUGH SUCTION PIPING	IMPROVE SUCTION PIPING REDUCE FLUID VELOCITY IN SUCTION PIPING INSPECT THE PACKING SEAL AREA REPLACE DAMAGED PIPING
							0					CAVITATION NOISE	REDUCE FLUID VELOCITY IN SUCTION PIPING INSPECT SYSTEM PIPING SHORTEN SUCTION PIPING INSTALL THE PUMP AT A LOWER POINT IN THE SYSTEM
٥			٥		٥	٥	٥					PARALLEL PUMP OPERATION ISSUES	RE-ADJUST THE DUTY POINT ALTER THE PUMP PERFORMANCE
							٥		٥			SHAFT SIZE INCORRECT	• REPLACE
				٥		٥	٥	٥				IMPELLER WEAR ON PUMP CASING	CHECK THE ROTOR CHECK THE IMPELLER POSITION CONFIRM NO PIPE STRAIN PRESENT

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PREVENTATIVE MAINTENANCE

The MAINTENANCE section of this manual will give the end user a complete procedure for giving the pump a complete overhaul. There are also sub-sections that detail other important maintenance procedures that may come up during normal pump & driver operation. It is also important to note that periodically the PRE START-UP checklist should be reviewed to make sure that site conditions have not changed since the initial start-up.

NEED FOR MAINTENANCE RECORDS

It is very important that the end user keep a record of daily, weekly, monthly and yearly maintenance records. These records are important when certain milestone events that need to be performed are recorded in a central location. From these records other important information can be gathered including trending in certain data. The analysis of this data can help with future maintenance issues and also help with eliminating certain issues that may be effecting pump or driver performance. Lastly, when and if a warranty claim is ever addressed at some future date. AMERIFLO personnel will ask for all pertinent maintenance records so that they have a clear picture of what has been done to the unit.

NEED FOR CLEANLINESS

Perhaps the major cause of pump & driver failure has to do with contamination at the job site. Contamination can be in the form of moisture, dust, dirt or other foreign debris from the job site. This contamination is very harmful to the bearings in the pump. Dust and other debris can plug air and fuel filters in diesel engine drivers.

It is very important to maintain as clean of an area as job site conditions permit. When preventative maintenance is being performed on the pump & driver, make sure this maintenance is done in a clean area as well. Do not unpack bearings until they are ready to be immediately installed. Make sure filters and engine fluids are changed per the recommended intervals. Work should be done in an area free of moisture, dust, dirt, oil or grease. Never re-use bearings, gaskets, lip seals, o-rings and filters. Only use clean towels, shop rags and other tools when performing maintenance.

MAINTENANCE OF PUMP DUE TO FLOOD DAMAGE

Due to the location of many pump rooms, flooding is a common occurrence. Servicing the pump is a fairly straightforward process.

The bearings in the rotor assembly need the most attention during this time period. Completely remove the pump from the installation and proceed to the later section for DISASSEMBLY. AMERIFLO's recommendation is that all gaskets and roller bearings be replaced as all most likely have been in contact with water.

Inspect the stuffing boxes and make sure that they are clear of any foreign debris. AMERIFLO also recommends that the stuffing boxes be repacked with new packing to make sure foreign debris will not score any shaft sleeves while in service.

Dismantle all couplings and thoroughly clean them.

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE CHART

R	OUTINE MAI	NTENANCE CHART
SCHEDULE	# PEOPLE	TASK
EVERY WEEK	1	VISUALLY CHECK FOR LEAKS CHECK FOR LUBRICATION ADJUST GLANDS AS NECESSARY TO MAINTAIN PROPER LEAKAGE HAND TEST BEARING HOUSING FOR ANY SIGN OF TEMPERATURE RISE
EVERY MONTH	1	CHECK BEARING TEMPERATURE WITH INSTRUMENTATION
EVERY 6 MONTHS	1	CHECK THE PACKING AND REPLACE IF NECESSARY CHECK HOLDING DOWN BOLTS FOR TIGHTNESS
EVERY YEAR	1	CHECK ROTATING ELEMENT FOR WEAR CHECK WEAR RING CLEARANCES CHECK AND REGREASE BEARINGS MEASURE TOTAL DYNAMIC SUCTION AND DISCHARGE HEAD
EVERY 4 YEARS	2	COMPLETE PUMP INSPECTION

STUFFING BOX

The purpose of a stuffing box is to limit leakage of the pump fluid and to prevent air from entering the suction areas of the pump casing along the pump shaft. All UL/FM pumps are equipped with packing. In a normal application, the pumped liquid is used to lubricate the stuffing box and packing. If the liquid is dirty, gritty or contains material



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that would clog the stuffing box, use a sealing liquid from an external source. If suction pressure is above atmospheric pressure, external seal piping may not be required. For pumps equipped with packing, there must always be a slight leakage from the gland. The amount of leakage is hard to define, but AMERIFLO recommends a steady dripping of liquid through the gland assembly. Stuffing box glands should be adjusted after the pump is started. When leakage is excessive, tighten gland bolt nuts evenly a guarter turn at a time. Allow 10 minutes for packing to adjust to it's new position. Never tighten the gland nuts to completely eliminate all leakage, as this will cause overheating and undue wear on shaft sleeves.



CAUTION - Overtightening gland bolt nuts can cause damage to the packing gland, packing and shaft sleeve. NEVER attempt to completely eliminate all leakage. Make sure proper packing break-in procedure is followed.

PACKING REPLACEMENT

Replace the stuffing box packing as follows. Refer to FIG-URE 3 for item numbers.

- Shutdown the pump and follow all rotating equipment safety protocols.
- Take precautions to prevent the driver from being inadvertently started. Proper lockout procedures MUST be followed.



DANGER - Lockout power to the driver to prevent personal injury or death.

- Remove the gland bolt nuts (#168D & #169D) and packing gland (#372).
- Remove and discard old packing rings (#567) note the location of the lantern ring (#676L). When repacking stuffing box (#116), the lantern ring (#676L) must be positioned such that the flush port connection is lined up with the lantern ring (#676L).
- Clean out the stuffing box (#116).
- Inspect the shaft sleeve (#756) for wear if it is scored or grooved, it should be replaced.
- Insert the rings of packing (#567) and tap lightly to seat in the stuffing box (#116) bore. Be sure the packing rings (#567) are of the proper size and length

and installed with all cuts staggered. The lantern ring (#676L) must be positioned to line up with the flush port connection.

Install the packing gland (#372) and finger tighten the packing gland nuts and washer (#168D & #169D). With the pump running, adjust the gland nuts (#168D & #169D) as described previously. Care should be taken during the first hour of operation to gradually tighten up on the gland nuts (#168D & #169D) just enough to maintain the required amount of leakage.

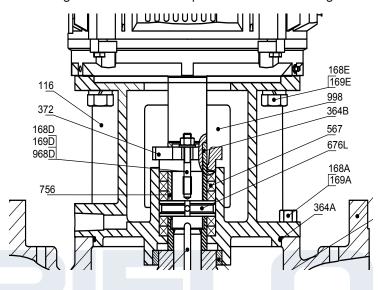


FIGURE 3 - VI STUFFING BOX

DISASSEMBLY

DRIVER

Refer to the specific Installation, Operation and Maintenance manual for the driver.

PUMP

Refer to FIGURE 4 for item numbers used in the disassembly process.



DANGER - Lockout power to the driver to prevent personal injury or death.

Whenever any disassembly work is to be done on the pump, disconnect the power source to the driver to eliminate any possibility of the unit starting. Close the valves in the suction and discharge line. Allow the pump set to cool



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to ambient temperature. Properly depressurize and drain the pump.

Always have repair work and maintenance work performed by specially trained, qualified personnel. Only use original authentic parts from AMERIFLO. Contact AMERIFLO if any questions regarding disassembly or assembly arise.

No special tools are required to remove the coupling. Please refer to the manufacture instructions for proper disassembly.

Removal of the back-pullout assembly:

- Remove the coupling guard and disconnect the halfcoupling.
- Unbolt the driver from the baseplate and move the motor from the pump if a non-spacer coupling is used. Note: please refer to the driver manual instruction.
- Disconnect the piping from the pump casing (#180) if a complete pump removal is to be accomplished. If a back-pullout repair is to be done. leave the pump casing (#180) bolted to the system piping and to the baseplate.
- Remove the casing nuts & washers (#168A & #169A) between the rear cover (#116) and the pump casing (#180).
- Remove the back-pullout assembly from the casing (#180) until the impeller(#443) is clear of the pump casing (#180).

Disassembly of the back-pullout assembly:

- Remove the impeller nut(#168) and impeller lock washer (#968).
- Remove the impeller (#443) from the pump shaft (#728). Carefully remove the impeller key (#472A).



DANGER - Do not apply heat to the impeller. If liquid is trapped within the imepller hub an explosion could occur causing personal injury or death.

- Remove the rear cover nuts & washer (#168B & #169B) and remove the rear cover (#116) from the power frame (#356). Remove and discard the casing o-ring (#364A).
- Loosen the packing gland nuts and washer (#168D & #169D) and remove the packing gland (#372) from the rear cover (#116). Remove all packing rings (#567) and lantern ring (#676L) from the rear cover. Be sure

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to also remove any packing rings (#567) below the lantern ring (#676L). Discard all old packing rings.

Remove the shaft sleeve (#756) from the pump shaft (#728).

INSPECTION

All parts should be thoroughly cleaned.



WARNING - It is important that only nonflammable, non-contaminated cleaning fluids are used. These fluids must comply with plant safety and environmental guide-

Visually inspect all parts for any damage that could effect performance. Replace all o-rings (#364A), gaskets (#364C) and packing (#567). Replace any parts that are outside of factory tolerances.

Inspect the case wear ring (#676AW & #676BW) and impeller hub (#443) for any excessive wear. Confirm that the running clearances between the impeller (#443) and case wear ring (#676W) are within factory tolerances. Surfaces must be smooth and concentric. Inspect impeller passages for any cracks, dents or foreign material. Replace any parts that are outside of factory tolerances.

Check the shaft sleeve (#756) for wear and replace if necessary.

When replaceing parts only use genuine AMERIFLO parts. Refer to the appropriate AMERIFLO aftermarket repair manual for the correct part numbers.



-AMERIFLO -**ASSEMBLY**

DATE **DECEMBER 2021** RECOMMENDED SPARE PARTS

Refer to TABLE 1 for all bolt tightening torque information.

BOLT	SIZE	TIGHTENIN	G TORQUE
METRIC	STANDARD	LB-FT	N-M
4 MM	5/32 IN	2.7	3.6
5 MM	3/16 IN	5.2	7.0
6 MM	1/4 IN	8.9	12.0
7 MM	9/32 IN	14.6	19.8
8 MM	5/16 IN	21.8	29.6
9 MM	11/32 IN	28.0	38.0
10 MM	3/8 IN	38.7	52.5
12 MM	1/2 IN	65.6	89.0
14 MM	9/16 IN	99.6	135
16 MM	5/8 IN	151	205
18 MM	11/16 IN	190	257
20 MM	3/4 IN	264	358
22 MM	7/8 IN	321	435
24 MM	15/16 IN	411	557

	N	IUMBE	R OF	INSTA	LLED	PUMP	S			
PART	2	3	4	5	6	8	≥ 10			
	QUANTITY OF SPARE PARTS 0									
IMPELLER	1	1	1	2	2	2	30%			
CASE WEAR RING	4	4	4	6	6	6	50%			
HARDWARE	1	1	2	2	2	3	30%			
BEARING	2	2	4	4	6	8	100%			
SHAFT SLEEVE	4	4	4	6	6	8	50%			
LIP SEAL	4	6	8	8	10	12	150%			
PACKING	4	6	8	10	12	16	150%			

Recommended spare parts for 2 years of operation

TABLE 1 - CAPSCREW & NUT TIGHTENING TORQUE RATINGS

It is very important that all pipe threads be sealed properly. PTFE tape provides a very reliable seal over a wide range of fluids but it has serious shortcomings if not used properly. If, during application to the threads, the tape is wrapped over the end of the male thread, strings of the tape will be sheared off when threaded into the female fitting. This string can then tear away and lodge in the piping system. If this occurs in the seal flush system, small orifices can become blocked effectively eliminating the flow. For this reason, AMERIFLO does not recommend the use of PTFE tape as a thread sealant.

AMERIFLO has investigated and tested alternate sealants and has identified two that provide an effective seal, have the same chemical resistance as the PTFE tape and will not plug flush systems.

These are La-co SlicTite and Bakerseal. Both products contain finely ground PTFE particles in an oil based carrier. They are supplied in a paste form which is brushed on the male pipe threads. AMERIFLO recommends using one of these paste sealants.

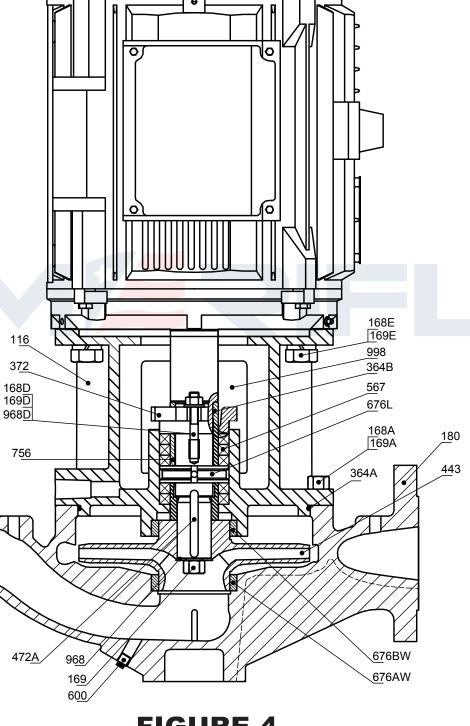
Full thread length engagement is required for all fasteners.

Reassembly of the pump can be accomplished in the reverse order.



MODEL FP-VI - VERTICAL INLINE

COMPONENT BREAKDOWN



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MODEL FP-VI - VERTICAL INLINE COMPONENT BREAKDOWN

ITEM	DESCRIPTION
116	REAR COVER
168A	NUT, CASING
168B	NUT, REAR COVER
168D	NUT, PACKING GLAND
168E	NUT, REAR COVER
169	NUT, IMPELLER
169A	STUD, CASING
169B	STUD, REAR COVER
169C	STUD, BEARING HOUSING CAP
169D	STUD, PACKING GLAND
169E	STUD, REAR COVER
180	CASING
364A	O-RING, CASING

ITEM	DESCRIPTION
364B	O-RING, SHAFT SLEEVE
372	GLAND, PACKING
443	IMPELLER
472A	KEY, IMPELLER
567	PACKING
600	PLUG, DRAIN
676L	RING, LANTERN
676AW	WEAR RING, CASING
676BW	WEAR RING, CASING
756	SLEEVE, SHAFT
968	WASHER, IMPELLER
968D	WASHER, GLAND
998	GUARD

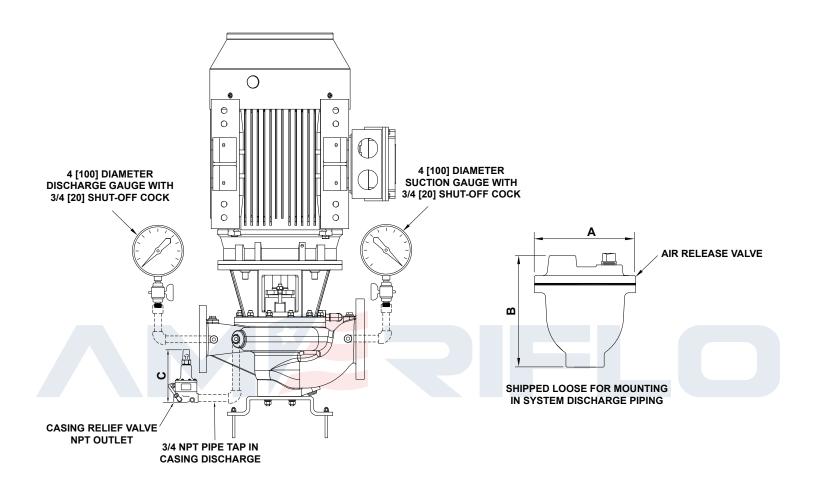
• RECOMMENDED SPARE PARTS ARE IN BOLD.



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MODEL FP-VI - VERTICAL INLINE, ELECTRIC, ACCESSORIES

GENERAL ARRANGEMENT DRAWING



CASING RELIEF VALVE								
PUMP FLOW (GPM)	"C" DIMENSION							
50 - 1500	3/4"	4-1/2 [114]						

NOTES:

- ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES [MM] AND MAY VARY ± 0.375 INCHES.
- REFER TO AMERIFLO INSTALLATION, OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL FOR PROPER PUMP INSTALLATION.
- ACCESSORIES ARE SHIPPED LOOSE FOR FIELD INSTALLATION.
- CASING RELIEF VALVE IS FURNISHED ON ELECTRIC MOTOR DRIVEN PUMPS ONLY.
- SUCTION GAUGE RANGE IS -14.5 0 130 PSI FOR SUCTION PRESSURE UP TO 75 PSI OR -14.5 0 300 PSI FOR SUCTION PRESSURE ABOVE 75 PSI.
- O DISCHARGE GAUGE IS 0 300 PSI FOR PUMPS WITH RATED DISCHARGE PRESSURE UP TO 150 PSI OR 0 600 PSI FOR PUMPS WITH RATED PRESSURE OVER 150 PSI.
- THIS DRAWING IS NOT TO BE USED FOR CONSTRUCTION UNLESS CERTIFIED BY AMERIFLO LLC.

FIGURE 5



SECTION **5020** PAGE **24** OF **26** —AMERIFLO —— DATE DECEMBER 2021 PRESTART-UP CHECKLIST AMERIFLO REPRESENTATIVE: REP PHONE NUMBER: CONTRACTOR: CONTRACTOR PHONE NUMBER: **ENGINEER PHONE NUMBER:** PROJECT ENGINEER: PROJECT NAME: PUMP LOCATION: **EQUIPMENT INFORMATION** PUMP MODEL: PUMP S/N: ES: MOTOR MODEL: MOTOR S/N: VI: \square **ENGINE MODEL:** ENGINE S/N: SC: □ GEAR MODEL: GEAR S/N: VT: **PROCEDURE** YES NO N/A **COMMENTS** 1. SHIPMENT WAS THERE ANY DAMAGE DURING SHIPMENT? П WERE ALL ORDERED ITEMS RECEIVED? 2. STORAGE HAS EQUIPMENT BEEN PROTECTED FROM THE WEATHER? П WAS EQUIPMENT SUBJECT TO DAMAGE IN STORAGE? HAVE ALL BEARINGS BEEN PROTECTED FROM MOISTURE? 3. INSTALLATION IOM MANUAL COMPLETELY READ AND UNDERSTOOD? WERE FASTENERS USED IN SHIPPING AND REMOVED PRIOR TO **INSTALLATION?** IS GROUTING UNDER BASE PROPERLY COMPACTED? IS GROUT OF THE NON-SHRINK TYPE? П HAVE PROPER ANCHOR BOLTS BEEN USED? HAVE SUCTION AND DISCHARGE PIPING BEEN CHECKED FOR THE PRESENCE OF PIPE STRAIN? ARE LUBRICATION LINES AND COOLING LINES CONNECTED PROPERLY? ARE ACCESSORIES MOUNTED AND PROPERLY INSTALLED? ARE ALL SAFETY GUARDS INSTALLED PROPERLY? HAVE IMPELLERS BEEN CHECKED FOR PROPER CLEARANCE? IS ALL WIRING CONNECTED PROPERLY AND CHECKED FOR VOLTAGE, PHASE, FREQUENCY, ETC.? 4. ALIGNMENT HAS THE PUMP & DRIVER ALIGNMENT BEEN CHECKED? HAVE INDICATOR READINGS BEEN TAKEN? П П 5. ROTATATION HAS THE DRIVER ROTATION BEEN CHECKED? П П COUPLING & SHAFT TURNED AND FREE TO ROTATE? П П

AMERIFLO REPRESENTATIVE WITNESSING START-UP: CUSTOMER'S REPRESENTATIVE WITNESSING START-UP NAMF: DATE: NAME: DATE:

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6. SYSTEM

ARE THE PUMPS AND CONTROLS ACCESSIBLE AND UNLOCKED?

IS THE SYSTEM FREE OF FOREIGN DEBRIS?

ALL SYSTEM PIPING IS PROPERLY SUPPORTED?

IS LIQUID PRESENT IN SYSTEM?

DATE DECEMBER 2021				————AMERIFLO—	
START-UP CHECKLIST					
AMERIFLO REPRESENTATIVE:		REP PHONE NUMBER:			
CONTRACTOR:		CONTRACTOR PHONE NUMBER:			
PROJECT ENGINEER:			•	ENGINEER PHONE NUMBER:	
PROJECT NAME:	-		•	PUMP LOCATION:	
EQUIPMENT INFORMATION					
	MP S/N:			ES: □	
MOTOR MODEL: MOT	MOTOR S/N: ENGINE S/N: GEAR S/N:			 VI: □	
ENGINE MODEL: ENGI				 SC: □	
GEAR MODEL: GE				VT: 🗆	
DESIGN CONDITIONS				VOLTAGE	
FLOW: RPM:				VOLTAGE:	
PRESSURE: HP:		,	•	PHASE:	
PROCEDURE	YES	NO	N/A	COMMENTS	
1. PRESTART-UP					
HAS THE PROCEDURE CHECKLIST FOR PRE- START-UP BEEN COMPLETED?					
VERIFY PUMP ROTATION:				☐ CW ☐ CCW (AS VIEWED FROM THE MOTOR)	
VERIFY DRIVER ROTATION:				☐ CW ☐ CCW (AS VIEWED FROM THE MOTOR)	
2. IMPELLER CLEARANCE SETTING					
HAS IMPELLER BEEN PROPERLY ADJUSTED?					
VTP AXIAL IMPELLER CLEARANCE:IN					
3. LUBRICATION					
HAVE THE BEARINGS BEEN PROPERLY LUBRI- CATED?					
HAS THE COUPLING BEEN PROPERLY LUBRICATED?					
HAS THE MOTOR BEEN PROPERLY LUBRICATED?					
DIESEL ENGINE COOLANT LEVEL CHECKED?					
DIESEL ENGINE OIL LEVEL CHECKED?					
DIESEL ENGINE FUEL LEVEL CHECKED?					
4. SYSTEM					
HAS FLOW BEEN ESTABLISHED?					
HAVE GAUGE READINGS BEEN TAKEN?					
EXCESSIVE VIBRATION PRESENT?					
BEARING TEMPERATURE NORMAL?					
ENGINE TEMPERATURE NORMAL?					
5. PACKING					
PACKING BROKEN IN CORRECTLY?					
PACKING LEAKAGE IS ACCEPTABLE AFTER BREAK-IN PERIOD?		_	_		
CLISTOMED'S DEDDESENTATIVE WITNESSING STADT LID		AMEDI		DDECENTATIVE WITNESCING STADT LID:	

NAME:

DATE:

NAME:

DATE:

—AMERIFLO —				S	ECTION 5	020 PAGE	26 OF 26		
AMERIFLO					DAT	E DECEM I	BER 2021		
FIELD TEST REPORT									
AMERIFLO REPRESENTATIVE:				REP PHO	ONE NUMBER:				
CONTRACTOR:	CONTRACTOR:				CONTRACTOR PHONE NUMBER:				
PROJECT ENGINEER:		ENGINEER PHONE NUMBER:							
PROJECT NAME:			•	PUN	MP LOCATION:				
			•						
EQUIPMENT INFORMATION									
PUMP MODEL: PUM	IP S/N:				ES:				
MOTOR MODEL: MOTO	MOTOR S/N:			-	VI:				
ENGINE MODEL: ENGIN	ENGINE S/N:								
	.R S/N:				VT:	П			
						_			
DESIGN CONDITIONS									
FLOW: RPM:				VOLTAGE:					
PRESSURE: HP:			•	PHASE:		-			
			-	,		-			
PROCEDURE	YES	NO	N/A	COMMENTS					
1. PRESTART-UP									
HAS THE PROCEDURE CHECKLIST FOR PRE- START-UP BEEN COMPLETED?									
2. START-UP									
HAS THE PROCEDURE CHECKLIST FOR START-UP BEEN COMPLETED?									
3. SYSTEM									
SUCTION VALVE OPEN?									
SUMP LIQUID LEVEL CORRECT?									
SUMP CLEAR OF DEBRIS?									
ARE ALL SYSTEM VALVES IN THE CORRECT POSITION?									
IS ALL PIPING SECURE AND FLOW PROPERLY ROUTED?									
4. RECORDED DATA		POI	NT 1	POINT 2	POINT 3	POINT 4	POINT 5		
SPEED	(RPM):								
FLOW (GPM):									
DISCHARGE PRESSURE (PSIG):									
SUCTION PRESSURE	(PSIG):								
LIFT (WATER LEVEL TO DISCHARGE CENTERLINE) (FEET):									
INPUT POWER (KW):									
CURRENT (AMPS):									
VOLTAGE (VOLTS):									
ESTIMATED FRICTION LOSS TO DISCHARGE GAUGE (FEET):									
MOTOR EFFIC	IENCY:								
5. CALCULATED DATA		POI	NT 1	POINT 2	POINT 3	POINT 4	POINT 5		
TOTAL DYNAMIC HEAD	(TDH):								
PUMP BHP (KW x MOTOR EFFICIENCY /	0.746):								
PUMP EFFICIENCY (TDH x SG x GPM) / BHP x	3960):								
CUSTOMER'S REPRESENTATIVE WITNESSING START-UP:		AMERIFLO REPRESENTATIVE WITNESSING START-UP:							

NAME:

DATE:

NAME:

DATE: